## Sheet: 12

## Reducing



## Water Use

## The average domestic use of water in the UK is 150 litres per person per day, but it is easy to reduce this to 70-80 litres per day.

Behaviour changes, at little or no cost

- Taps run at between 5 and 20 litres per minute, so turn the tap off while brushing your teeth, avoid rinsing vegetables under a running tap, and so on.
- Turn the shower flow off when not needed - e.g. when using shampoo/soap.
- Wash your hands under a cold tap rather than running the hot tap until it is warm.
- Use a washing bowl rather than filling a large sink, and use as little hot water as is needed each time.
- Whenever possible, wait for a full load in the washing machine or dishwasher, rather than using half-load cycles (these can use three-quarters as much energy and water as a full wash).
- Gradually make changes in your garden to reduce how much watering it needs.
- In some households, not flushing the toilet every time after urinating may be OK.


## Water saving gadgets and technical fixes

- Make sure all your hot pipe runs are insulated.
- Fix leaking taps by replacing washers, because a slight drip can waste 30 litres per day. Tap \& ball valve washers are cheap and easy to fix.
- Many water companies supply free aerators you can fit to existing taps to reduce flow and save water. Check with your water company for this or other offers.
- For older toilets that use about 9 litres (2 gallons) or more, add a 'cistern displacement device' to reduce flush volume. This could be an expanding bag (often available free from your water company) or a plastic bottle filled with water. Avoid using a brick because these can crumble and cause problems. Check the device/bottle does not obstruct the mechanism, and the toilet still flushes OK with the reduced volume.

- Some toilets could have a new
siphon unit or flush lever added to give low flush options.
- Check the flow rate of your shower with a container and stopwatch, and consider reducing the flow rate if appropriate. Although many showers will use less water than a bath, some can use quite a bit more. Power showers or old mixer showers can have a high flow of about 20 litres per minute. A flow restrictor or modern shower head can reduce this to 5 or 6 litres per minute and still perform well. Flow restrictors are sometimes free from your water company.

A few higher cost options

- Install a new low flush toilet.
- When looking at the plumbing in more depth, minimise 'dead legs' in pipes.
- Consider alternative toilets, such as composting loo or a waterless urinal.


## Further information

To help you find water efficient products there is an EU energy label for water efficiency. You can read more about this at http://www.europeanwaterlabel.eu. That website includes a 'find a product' section, through which you can search for those that have the best rating.

Or you could ask your local suppliers which products they supply with an ' $A$ ' rating on that water efficiency label.


